

CS70

Error Correcting Codes

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March 2, 2021

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Intro to Error Correcting Codes

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- The channel may cause **packets**(parts of the message) to be **lost**, or even **corrupted**.
- **Error correcting code** is an encoding scheme to protect messages against these errors by introducing redundancy.

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- Suppose that the message consists of n packets and at most k packets are lost during transmission.
- To prevent this error, we encode the initial message into a redundant encoding consisting of $n + k$ packets such that the receiver can reconstruct the message from any n received packets using **Lagrange interpolation**.

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- Suppose that k out of n characters are corrupted and we have no idea which k these are.
- To guard against k general errors, we must transmit $n + 2k$ characters.
- To reconstruct the polynomial, we need to find a polynomial $P(x)$ of degree $n - 1$ such that $P(i) = r_i$ for at least $n + k$ values of i .

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This is known as the **Berlekamp–Welch algorithm**.

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- We can solve the systems of linear equations and get $E(x)$ and $Q(x)$.
- Finally we compute $\frac{Q(x)}{E(x)}$ to obtain $P(x)$.

Problem Time!